

## Heathers - Care Guide

### Growing Tree Heathers - Erica

#### *Tree heaths*

There are two species which Burncoose offers which have very differing degrees of hardiness – Erica arborea, the Tree heath, and Erica canaliculata, the Channelled heath. Tree heathers make excellent specimen plants on hot dry banks in the garden in full sun.

Erica arborea is an upright shrub growing to perhaps 12-15ft tall in maturity with a spread of about half this. It is native to cliffs and mountains in SW Europe and the Mediterranean and is fully hardy in the UK although it may only grow to these sorts of heights in milder coastal districts. It can readily be cut down nearly to ground level and will still reshoot vigorously and it will readily self-seed itself and spread on dry banks. It grows best in full sun and will readily tolerate strong winds. It flowers in Cornwall in February and on through most of the spring. The white bell shaped flowers are borne in long, upright, pyramidal leafy racemes of flowers. The flowers have a honey scent which wafts on the wind and attracts bees on sunny spring days.



Erica arborea



Erica arborea



Erica arborea



Erica arborea



Erica arborea 'Albert's Gold'



Erica arborea 'Albert's Gold'



Erica arborea 'Albert's Gold'



Erica arborea 'Albert's Gold'



Erica arborea 'Estrella Gold'



Erica arborea 'Estrella Gold'



Erica arborea 'Estrella Gold'



Erica arborea 'Estrella Gold' and 'Albert's Gold'



Erica canaliculata



Erica canaliculata



Erica canaliculata



Erica canaliculata

## Pruning Tree Heathers In Spring - Video Tip

View this video on Youtube here <https://www.youtube.com/Yz7JAFYh6CY>

## Evergreen Tree Heathers - Video Tip

View this video on Youtube here <https://www.youtube.com/Da6t0PQyJGc>

## Winter & Summer Flowering Heathers

For ease of reference we have included Erica, Calluna and Daboecia all together in one section of the website entitled 'heathers'. Heaths, Ling or Scots heather and Irish heath all grow and perform in exactly the same way and all require the same sort of conditions and attention as each other. Indeed they are commonly intermixed together in large groups in heather gardens/borders or rockeries.

The large range of foliage colours and flower colours can be seen in the photographs below this article. Autumn, winter and spring all have their own particular varieties of 'heather' which flower then and it obviously takes a bit of planning when laying out and designing a heather bed of your own to think this all through carefully. We offer discounts for the purchase of large quantities of one or more variety and all young heathers (except tree heathers) are offered as small plants in 7 or 9cm square pots.

Heathers are very attractive to bees and make wonderful groundcover plants that will, in time, completely cover all the bare soil in a border. They like a well prepared bed with firmly acidic soil in a well-drained site in full sun. Incorporating peat or acidic compost is important and pine needles can do the job well. A light mulch right over the bed after planting will preserve moisture and reduce weed growth until the plants develop and spread. Then there will not be very much weed growth at all.

Different varieties of Erica, Calluna and Daboecia can have different lifespans. In wetter areas, where all these plants grow quickly, individual varieties will begin to die of old age after say 10 to 15 years. Sometimes you can simply replace an individual clump with new plants but, even in hotter drier conditions, where growth rates are slower, many of your heathers will start to look ragged, leggy and a bit woody with dead non flowering patches after perhaps 25 or so years. It is then necessary to rip out what is left and start the bed again having re-dug it and incorporated more humus.

All heather varieties are easily propagated from semi ripe new growth cuttings in mid-summer. Heathers can also easily be layered to produce new plants.





Erica carnea 'Eva Gold'



Erica carnea 'Eva Gold'



Erica carnea 'Heathwood'



Erica carnea 'Isabell'



Erica carnea 'Pink  
Spangles'



Erica cinerea 'Katinka'



*Erica erigena*



*Erica erigena* 'Irish Dusk'



*Erica lusitanica*



*Erica carnea* 'Myretoun Ruby'



*Erica carnea* 'Rosalie'



*Erica carnea* 'Winter Snow'



*Erica x darleyensis* 'Kramer's Red'



*Erica x darleyensis* 'Phoebe'



*Erica x darleyensis* 'Tweety'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Alicia'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Aphrodite'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'County Wicklow'





*Calluna vulgaris* 'Dark Beauty'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Dark Beauty'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Dark Star'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Kinlochruel'



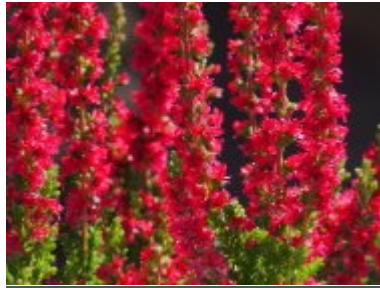
*Calluna vulgaris* 'Peter Sparkes'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Peter Sparkes'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Purple Passion'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Red Beauty'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Red Favorite'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Red Star'



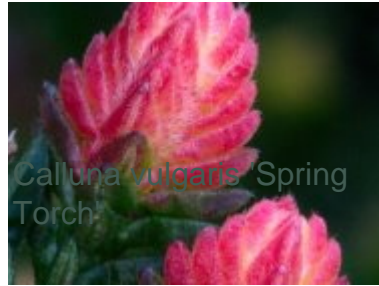
*Calluna vulgaris* 'Silver Fox'



*Calluna vulgaris* 'Spring Cream'



Calluna vulgaris 'Spring Cream'



Calluna vulgaris 'Spring Torch'



Calluna vulgaris 'Spring Torch'



Calluna vulgaris 'Wickwar Flame'



Calluna vulgaris 'Wickwar Flame'



Daboecia 'Katherine's Choice'



Daboecia 'Silverwells'



Daboecia 'Silverwells'

View this video on Youtube here <https://www.youtube.com/QAVT3wufNhE?rel=0>

**Burncoose Nurseries: Gwennap, Redruth, Cornwall TR16 6BJ**

Telephone: +44 (0) 1209 860316 Fax: +44 (0) 1209 860011 Email: [info@burncoose.co.uk](mailto:info@burncoose.co.uk)

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